



## GENDER EQUALITY IS A PRIORITY OF THE NEW UZBEKISTAN

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### ABOUT ARTICLE

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**Abstract:** The issue of equality between men and women has always worried society at all times. Because gender equality means a society in which both women and men have equal opportunities, rights and responsibilities in all areas of life. The author in his article emphasizes that modern conditions of world development and the paradoxes of globalization also affect the position of women, and the family also plays an important role in achieving gender equality. It is emphasized that state care for women is a sign of the health of society, its humanity and morality.

### INTRODUCTION

Gender equality means that women and men should have the same opportunities, rights and responsibilities. This means, in particular, that women and men should have equal powers, equal educational opportunities, and that they should bear equal responsibility for the home and children. We have made a lot of progress towards gender equality in the recent past, but we still have a long way to go to ensure equal opportunities for women in terms of livelihood, participation and voting rights. Today we take it for granted that women can vote. However - with the exception of a few countries such as New Zealand, Australia and Finland - universal suffrage only became a reality after the First World War. In fact, women's right to vote was only introduced into international law in 1948 by the United Nations Commission on Human Rights.

### THE MAIN FINDINGS AND RESULTS

Women have also taken advantage of increased opportunities to be leaders. In 2019, women held nearly one in four seats in legislatures around the world, more than double the figure in 1995. Women are also more likely to hold leadership positions now than they were twenty years ago, although parity is still a long way off.

With greater representation, better results are achieved. Looking at education, the world has seen tremendous progress in closing the gap between girls and boys in a number of critical areas, such as school enrollment rates and literacy rates.

In terms of health, significantly fewer mothers are dying during childbirth, and the average life expectancy of women has increased significantly. With rare exceptions, women now live longer than men in almost every country.

In terms of labor force participation, an increasing number of women are engaged in economic activities beyond non-market housework in countries across income levels.

Around the world, there have been many national reforms in recent years aimed at improving the status of women in the workplace, in marriage, and especially protecting women from violence.

Despite this significant progress, significant gender gaps still remain. They vary in scope and form across countries, ranging from physical violence and material deprivation to unequal opportunities in employment or political life.

## CONCLUSION

So equal distribution of rights and responsibilities in the family is the best decision that people can make before getting married. This will allow them to maintain mental and physical health. This means that each of the participants in the relationship will be able to realize their social and economic potential and simply become fully happy.

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